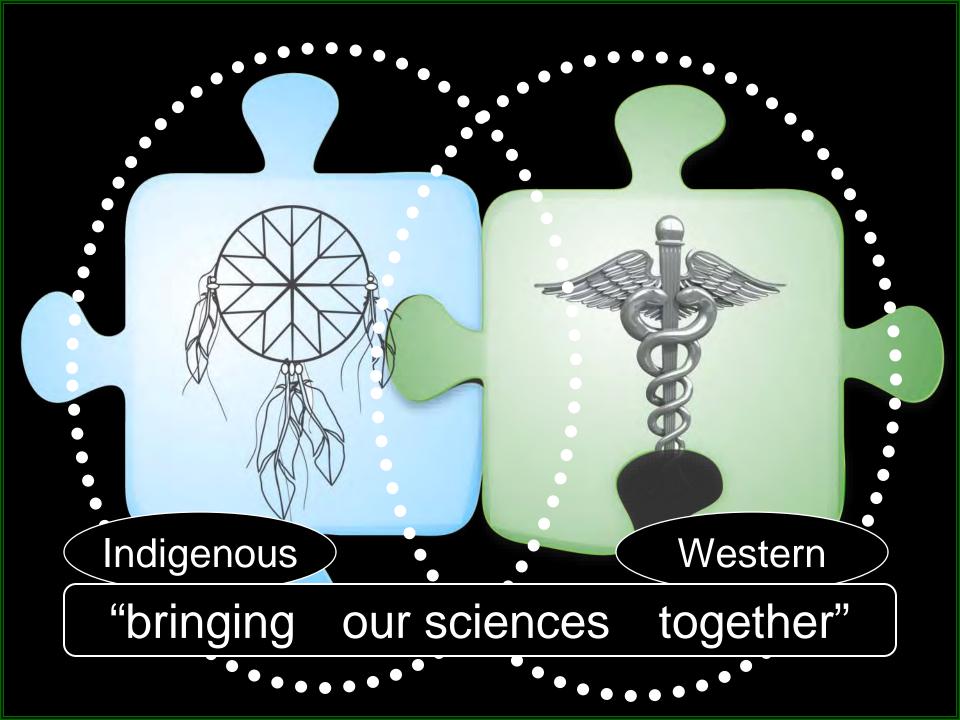
#### CO-LEARNING re: "TALKING AND WALKING TOGETHER" OF INDIGENOUS AND MAINSTREAM SCIENCES

#### Albert Marshall<sup>1</sup> and Cheryl Bartlett<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Eskasoni Mi'kmaq First Nation, NS, Canada
 <sup>2</sup> Cape Breton University, Sydney, NS, Canada

Collaborative Environmental Planning Initiative (CEPI) for Bras d'Or Lake, presentation for Steering Committee meeting of 19 February 2009, Membertou First Nation, Nova Scotia

CAPE BRETO





### **OUR KEY CONCEPTS and ACTIONS**

- respect
- relationship
- reverence
- reciprocity
- ritual (ceremony)
- repetition
- responsibility

- hypothesis

(making & testing)

- data collection
- data analysis
- model & theory construction

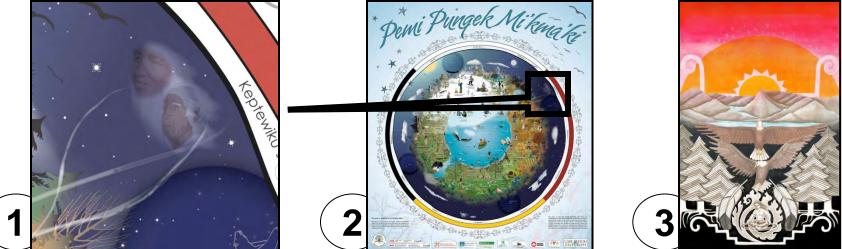
#### The breath of life versus the embodiment of life: Indigenous knowledge and western research

WIN-HEC Journal 2007 (World Indigenous Nations – Higher Education Consortium)

#### CINDY BLACKSTOCK

#### Executive Director, First Nations Child and Family Caring Society of Canada

Despite the diversity of Aboriginal cultures, there are several common fundamental differences between Aboriginal and western epistemologies () Aboriginal peoples believe their ancestor were rights on most things and western peoples: believe their ancestors were either mostly wrong or their ideas could be improved upon (Assembly of First Nations, 1993; Auger, 2001), (2) Aboriginal peoples believe they hold the land and life knowledge in a sacred trust for the generations to follow whereas many western peoples believe they can own land and knowledge and use it for individual benefit with little concern for future generations (RCAP, 1996; Pinto, in press), and (3) Aboriginal knowledge is situation within more expansive concepts of space and time (Auger, 2001). From these differences, flow very different concepts.



## 7 CO-LEARNING "LESSONS LEARNED" over 15+ years

#### **Elders, Mi'kmaq Nation**

#### and other community Knowledge Holders

together with university Researchers and Students



within various Knowledge Applications and Workshops

## LESSONS LEARNED (7

ACKNOWLEDGE WE NEED EACH OTHER ... co-learning journey

1.



Go into a forest, you see the birch, maple, pine. Look underground and all those trees are holding hands. We as people must do the same. (late Mi'kmaq Chief, Spiritual Elder and Healer Charlie Labrador)

## LESSONS LEARNED (7

#### ACKNOWLEDGE WE NEED EACH OTHER ... co-learning journey

1.



Albert Marshall, Elder, Mi'kmaq Nation

2.

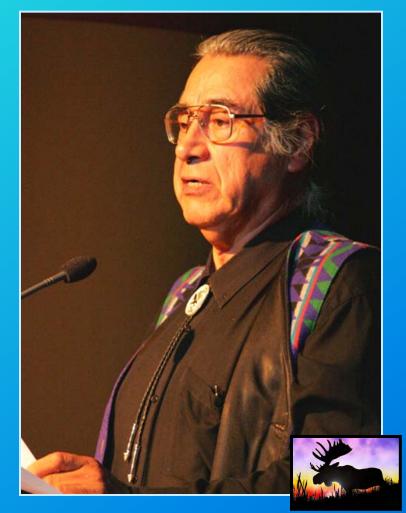
## **Two-Eyed Seeing**

learning to see with the <u>strengths</u> of each & together

"LEARN ... to see from one eye with the strengths of Indigenous knowledges and ways of knowing, and from the other eye with the strengths of Western (or **Eurocentric or mainstream**) knowledges and ways of knowing ... and to use both these eyes together, for the benefit of all."

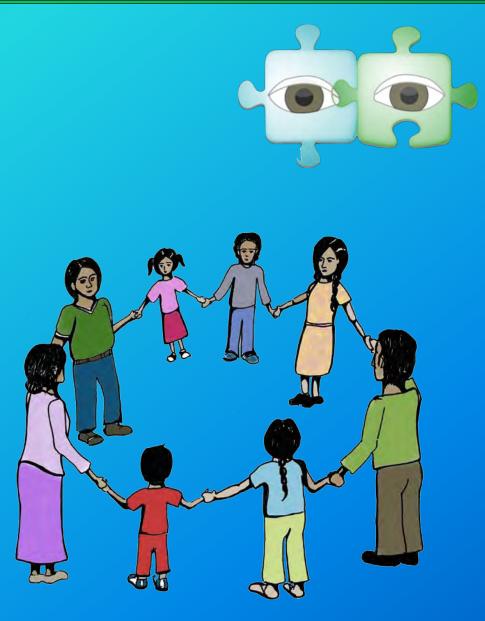
**TWO-EYED** 

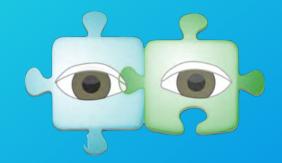
SEEING



Elder Albert Marshall Eskasoni community Mi'kmaq Nation

It is not enough to go through life with one perspective; we must embrace all the tools we have ...





The Bras d'Or Lakes have been essential to the Mi'kmaq for thousands of years, for:

- sustenance
- spiritual education
- recreation



## Mi'kmaq World View

#### Species possess rights. Humans possess responsibilities.



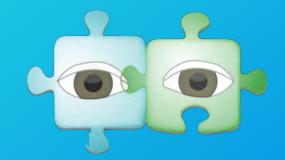


Our culture is built on long term vision and our decisions were made with the next Seven Generations in mind.

### We are equal to, and part and parcel of, the whole.



# Our seasons follow the cycles of **Mother Earth** ...





... so that our children will always be reminded of the beauty of creation, and of our dependence on her.

Mother Earth provides for us, shelters us, nourishes us.

Humans are not privileged, rather we are to be responsible.



Everything that we do to our natural world ...



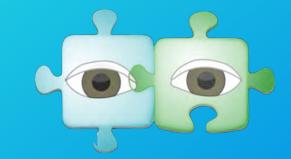
... since we are all part and parcel of the whole.



## Netukulimk developing the skills and

sense of responsibility required to become a protector of other species

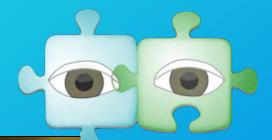








## **Ecosystem Audit**





### Water is the cradle of life.







# Like nature, we must always have a nurturing component.



Knowledge is spirit.

It is a Gift passed on through many people.

We must pass it on.



Artist: Basma Kavanagh

## **As Elders in Our Time**

We seek to be a conduit for wisdom of our Ancestors. We seek to see with "Two-Eyes" ... to take the accomplishments of Western Science further by blending it with the wisdom of our Ancestors.

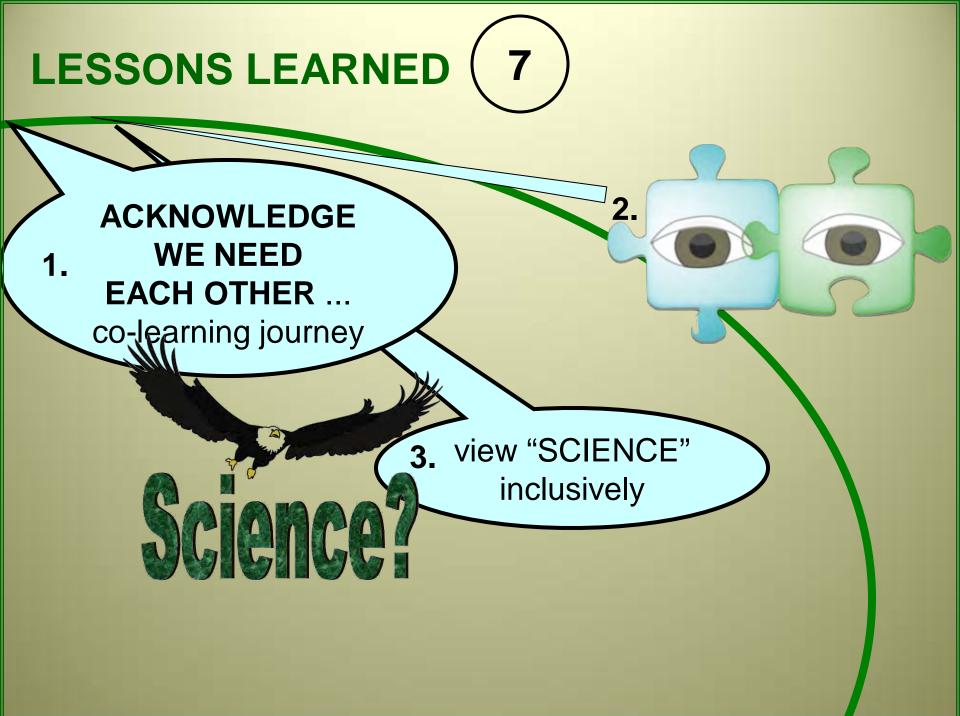














Indigenous and Western scientific knowledges are based in observations of the natural world.

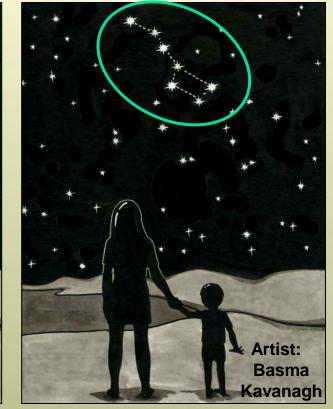




Artist: Basma Kavanagh

#### stories of our interactions with and within nature

### **Science**



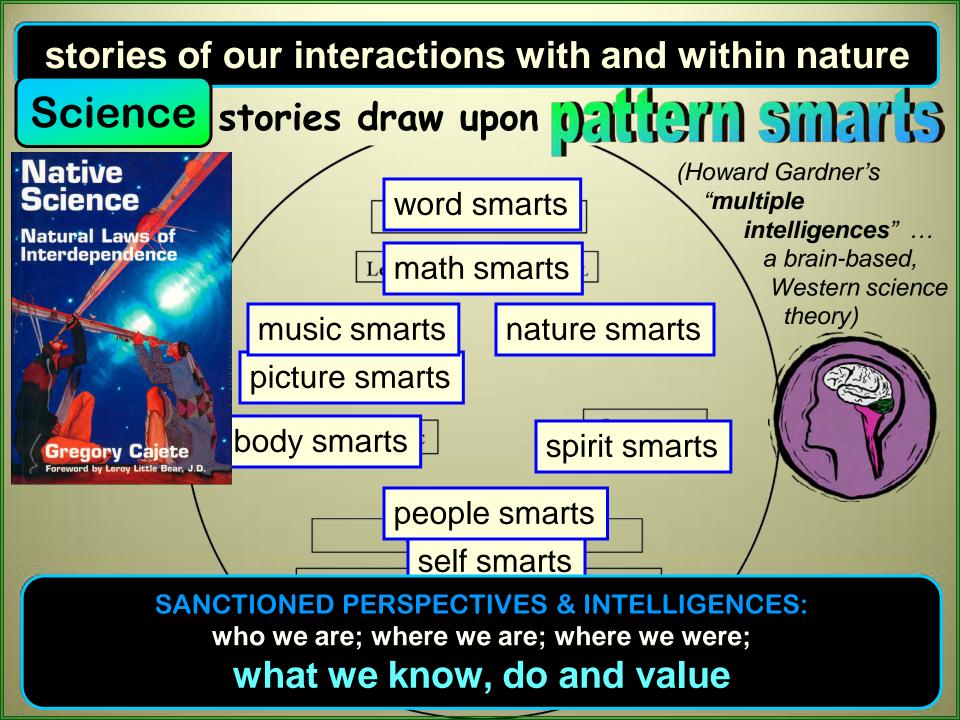
# pattern

recognition
transformation
expression



## pattern smarts

- various ways to connect the dots
- variety in our stories



#### stories of our interactions with and within nature

Science ... dynamic, pattern-based knowledge

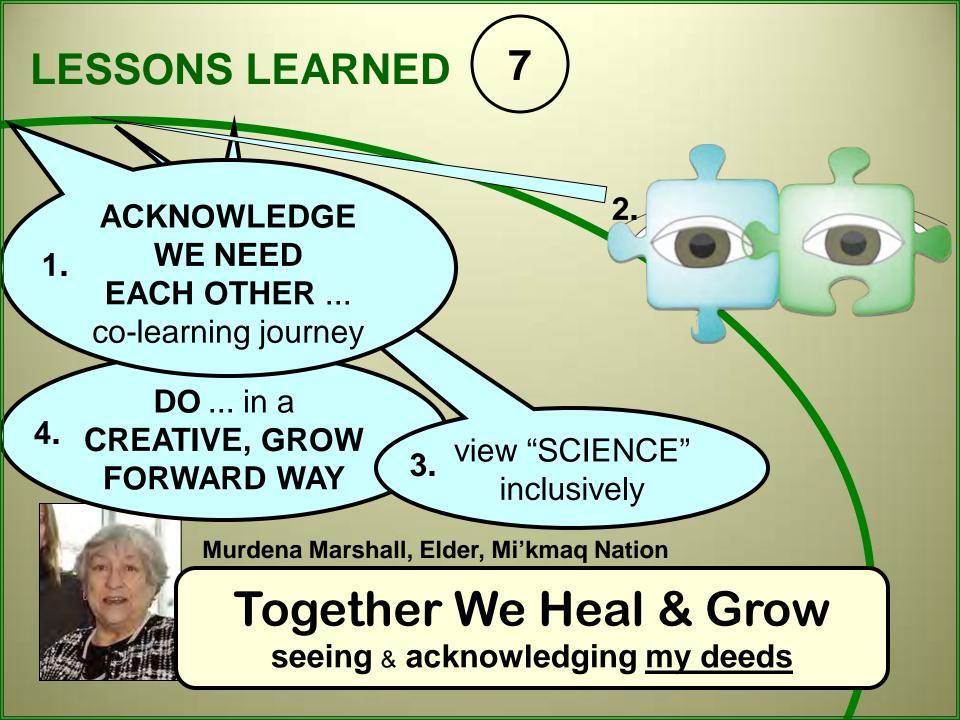
#### PATTERNS ...

spirits within ecosystem-wide minds
 ideas in brain-based minds



## stories of our interactions with and within nature Science ... dynamic, pattern-based knowledge PATTERNS ... spirits within ecosystem-wide minds • ideas in brain-based minds cognitive neuroscience sense of place, emergence, and participation "know, do, value" (CEPI Workshop Oct 2004) Murdena Marshall, Elder, Mi'kmag Nation

Sheridan, J. & Longboat, D. 2006. The Haudenosaunee imagination and the ecology of the sacred. Space and Culture 9(4): 365-81.





"See, in the Mi'kmaq world, in all Native worlds, you have to give recognition to everything: misdeeds, good deeds, past deeds, you know? Anything. You have to give that acknowledgement. Everything that you do, you have to acknowledge it."

> put our *values* + *actions* + *knowledges* in front of us ... like an object

5.

Murdena Marshall, Elder, Mi'kmaq Nation

Together We Heal & Grow seeing & acknowledging my deeds

"See, in the Mi'kmaq wor worlds, you have to give everything: misdeeds, go deeds, you know? Anyth give that acknowledgeme that you do, you have to

5.

I Got It From an Elder

> Conversations in Healing Language

Iwama et al. 2007; Gaspereau Press Limited

Murdena Marshall, Elder, Mi'kmaq Nation

put our values + actions

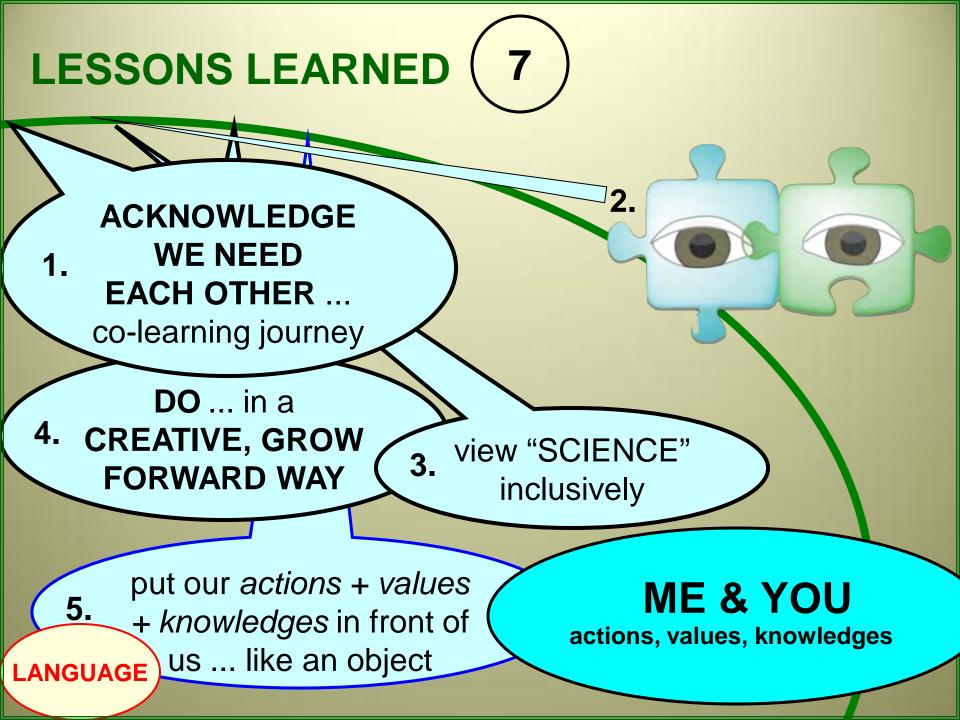
+ knowledges in front of

us ... like an object

# Together We Heal & Grow seeing & acknowledging my deeds







### Being Nature's Mind: Indigenous Ways of Knowing and Planetary Consciousness

by Mary Jane Zimmerman, PhD. ReVision 2004

Since 1999, I have participated in the Language of Spirituality dialogues between Native Americans, scientists, and linguists, which are held in Albuquerque, NM, every summer. During one such dialogue, a number of the Native American participants told long, winding stories, seemingly unconnected to the topic at hand. Finally, one of the Anglo physicists lost his composure and began criticizing the proceedings: "Let's get beyond just telling stories," he said, "and get down to a real discussion. Let's really get into it and sort out what is good and what is bad about Western science and Native science." What he had heard so far had not qualified for him as a "real discussion." The response, from the Native Americans present, was not the direct, confrontive type of argument that he was seeking, but instead, more stories, even more long and winding, which then elicited another outburst from the impatient physicist, who felt that his earlier plea had been ignored.

What was happening here? It was a failure of communication at the meta-level between people with different models of what constitutes proper social behavior and the correct way to get one's opinion across. The physicist, in being direct, critical, and confrontive, was breaking every rule of Native American social interaction. The Native Americans could not directly tell him that without also breaking their rules. Their way to show him that he was in the wrong and had something to learn was through indirect stories which he was expected to be able to "hear" and apply to himself. Their response of more stories, which to them was a highly refined, polite, and indeed, ethical response to his social insult, seemed to him to be insulting. lative

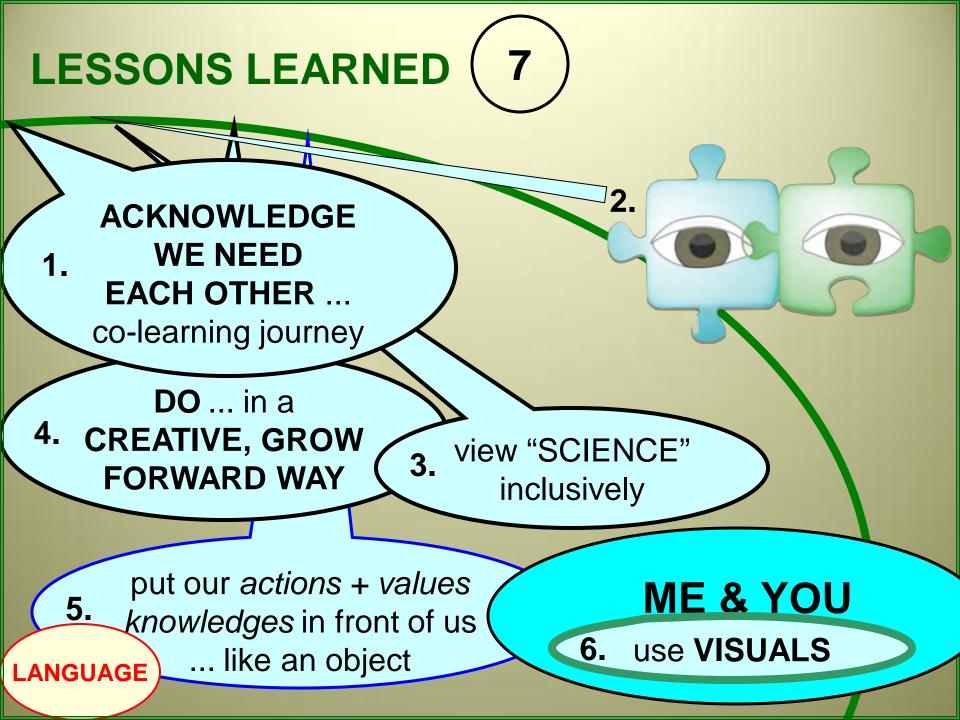
At the beginning of every Language of Spirituality dialogue, the moderator, Leroy Littlebear, tells us that in dialogue, we should set aside our tacit infrastructures, our currently held beliefs about reality, in order to listen deeply for whatever words, ideas, feelings, or perceptions surface in us during the experience. However, as the above story illustrates, becoming aware of and setting aside one's tacit infrastructure is easier said than done. [emphasis added]

### ence

Natural Laws of nterdependenc

Gregory Cajete

Foreword, by Leroy Littlebear



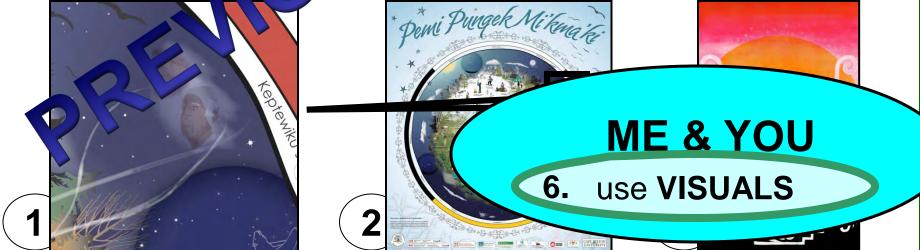
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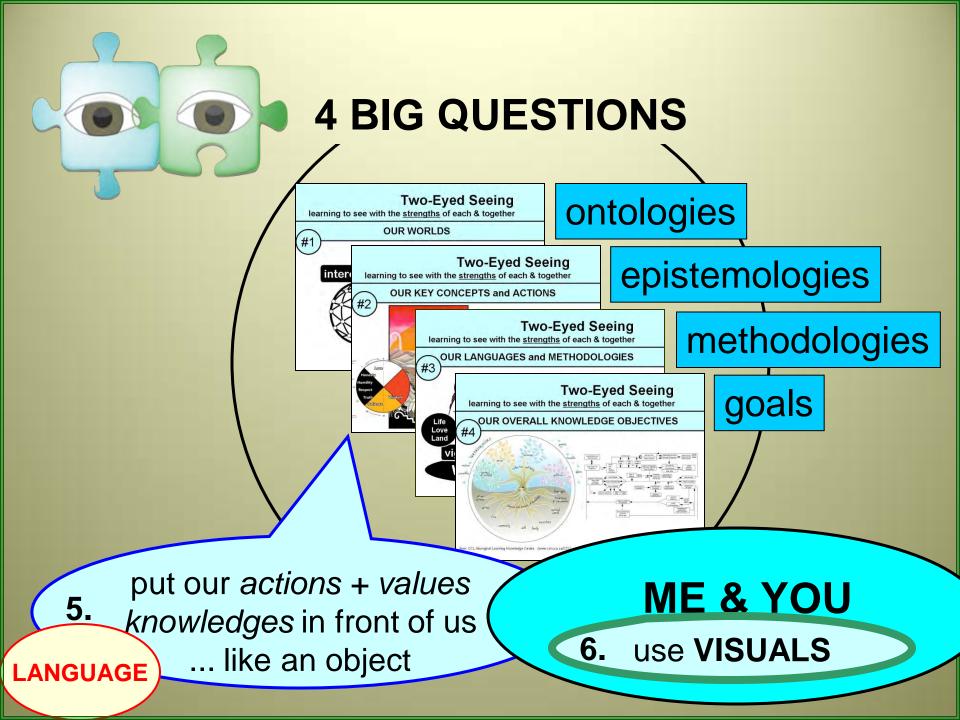
WIN-HEC Journal 2007 (World Indigenous Nations – Higher Education Coloritium)

#### CINDY BLACKSTOCK

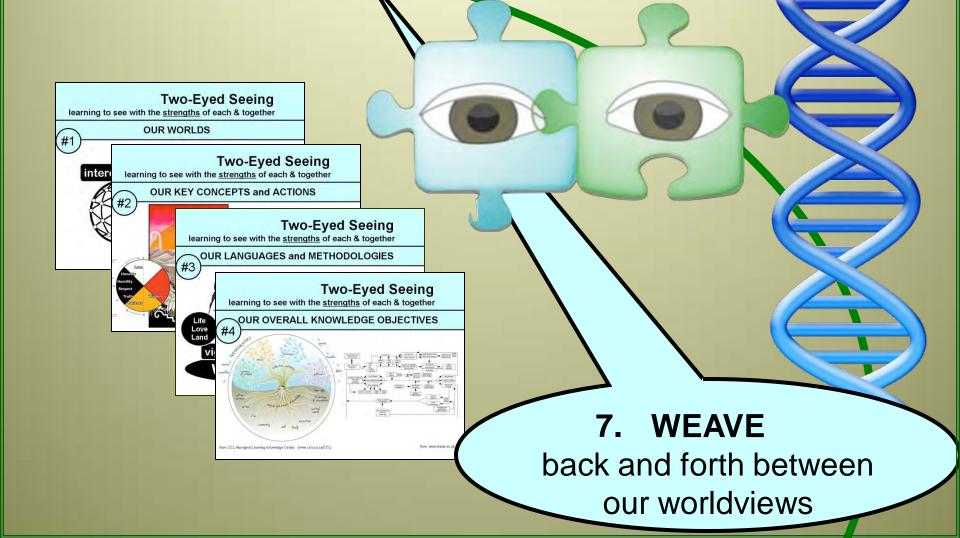
#### Executive Director, First Nations Child and Family Carin, Scalety of Canada

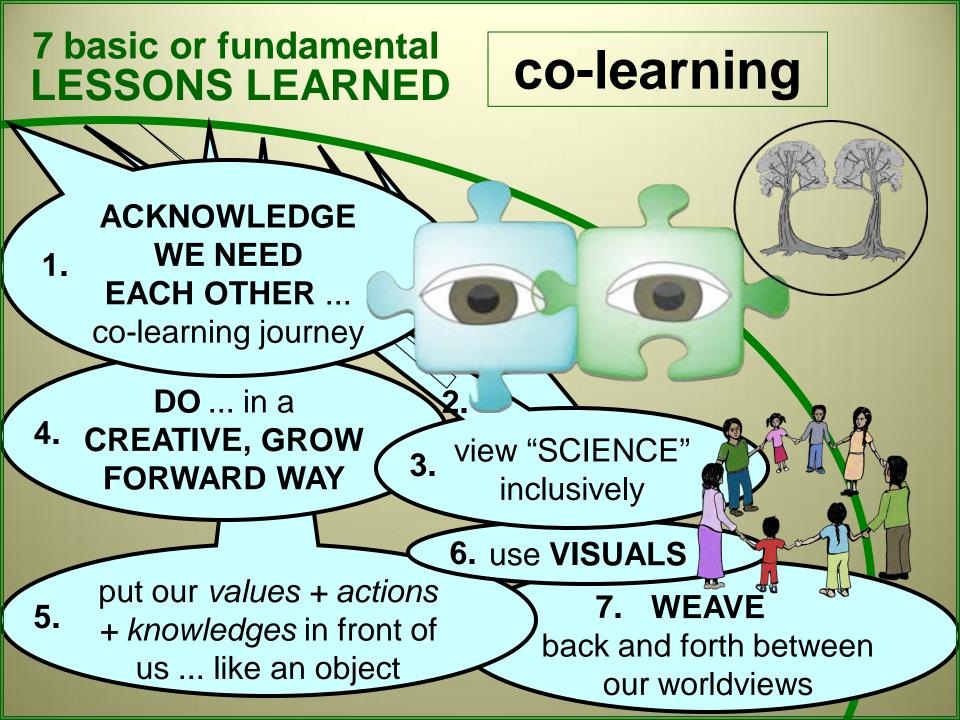
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# LESSONS LEARNED (7

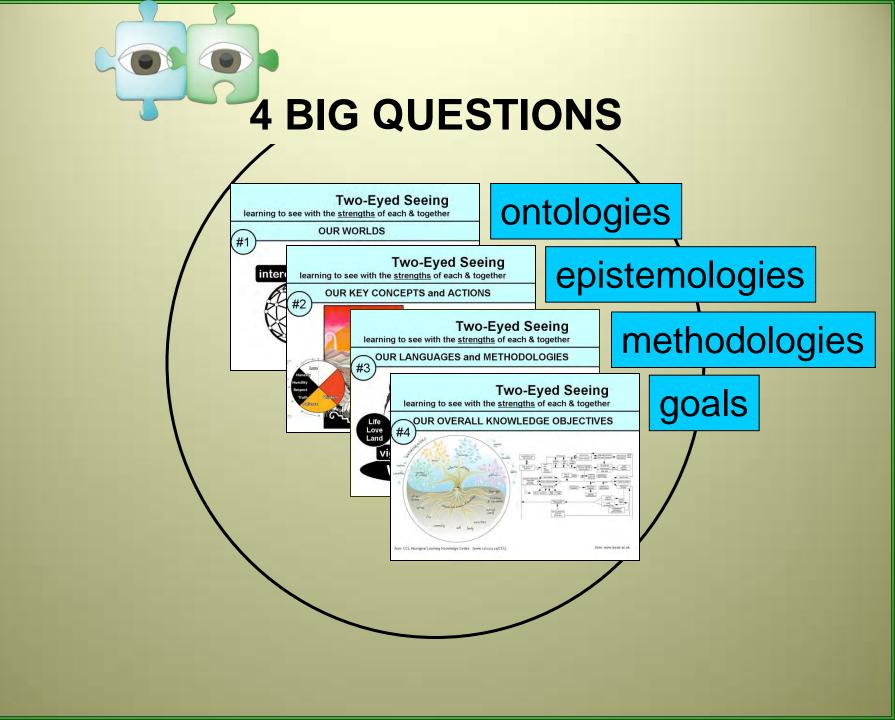












### **OUR WORLDS**

#1

### **BIG QUESTION**

# What do we believe the world or cosmos to be? (ontology)

learning to see with the strengths of each & together

### **OUR WORLDS**

### **BIG UNDERSTANDING ... IN WORDS**

### interconnective

#1

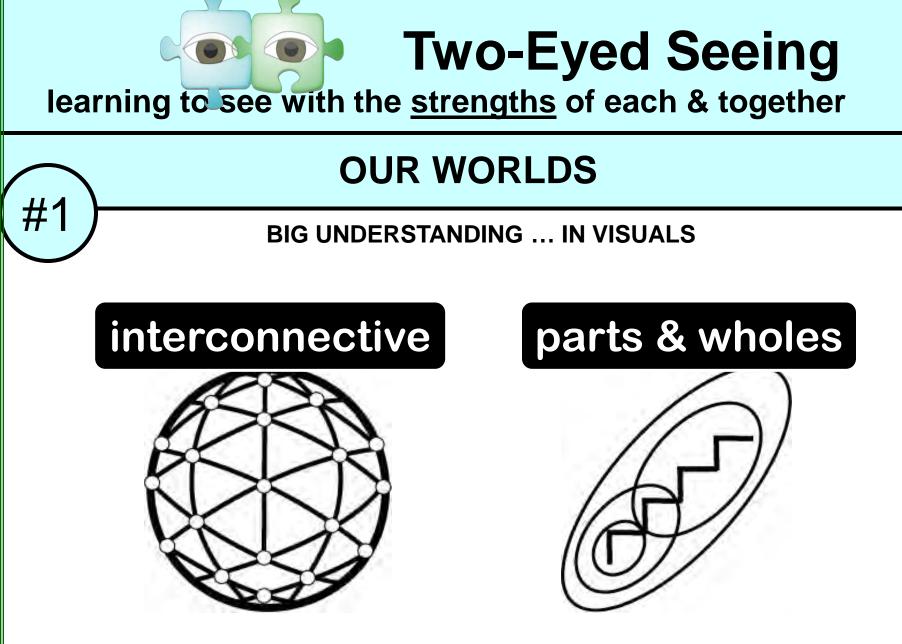
beings ... interconnective and animate: *spirit + energy + matter* with

CONSTANT CHANGE within balance and wholeness

# parts & wholes

objects ... comprised of parts and wholes characterized by systems and emergences: *energy + matter* with

**EVOLUTION** 



CONSTANT CHANGE within balance and wholeness

**EVOLUTION** 



### **OUR KEY CONCEPTS and ACTIONS**

#2

**BIG QUESTION** 

### What do we value as "ways of coming to know" the cosmos? (epistemology)

learning to see with the strengths of each & together

### **OUR KEY CONCEPTS and ACTIONS**

### **BIG UNDERSTANDING ... IN WORDS**

- respect

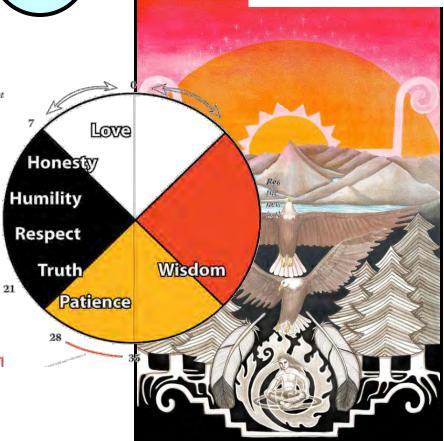
#2

- relationship
- reverence
- reciprocity
- ritual (ceremony)
- repetition
- responsibility

- hypothesis
  - (making & testing)
- data collection
- data analysis
- model & theory construction

### OUR KEY CONCEPTS and ACTIONS

### **BIG UNDERSTANDING ... IN VISUALS**



#2



photo credit: NRC

### **OUR LANGUAGES and METHODOLOGIES**

**BIG QUESTION** 

# What can remind us of the complexity within our ways of knowing?

learning to see with the strengths of each & together

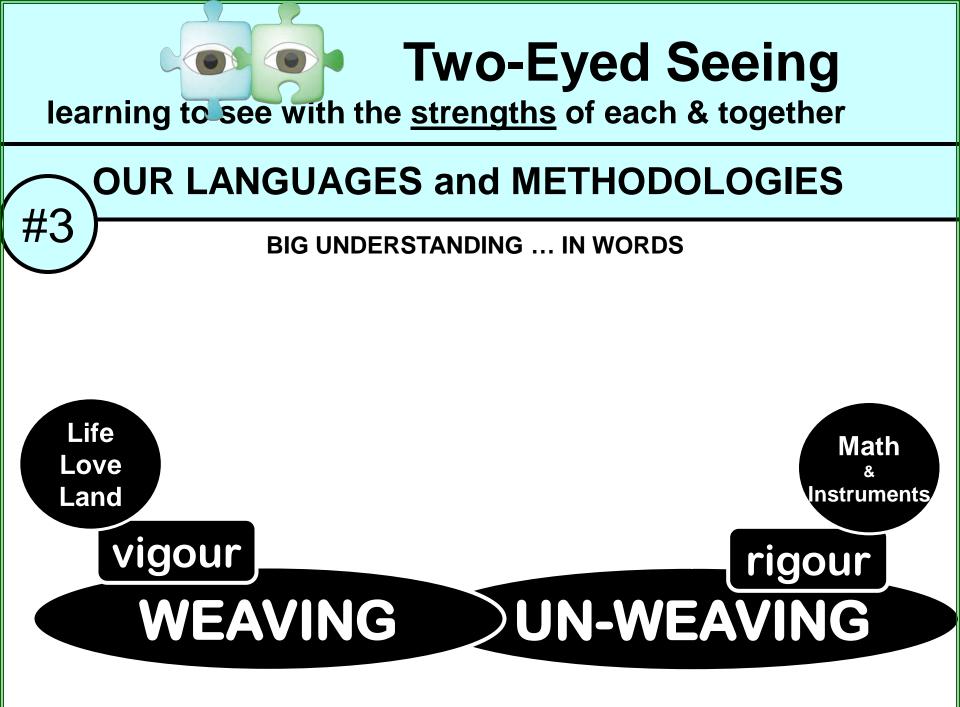
### **OUR LANGUAGES and METHODOLOGIES**

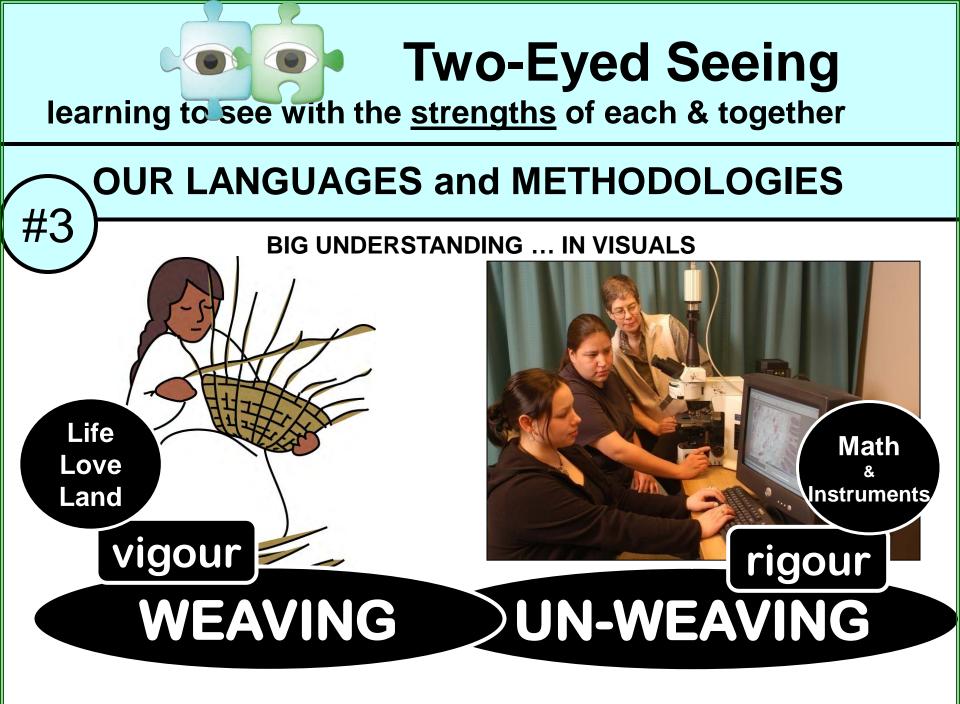
### **BIG UNDERSTANDING ... IN WORDS**

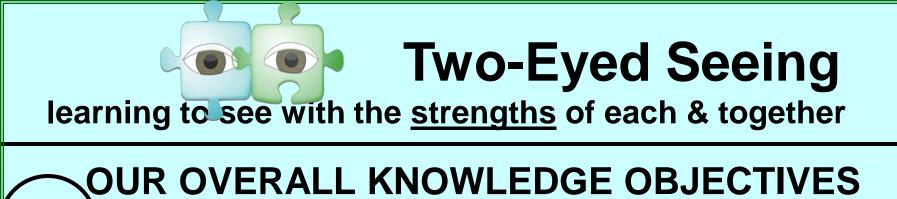
*weaving* of patterns within nature's patterns via creative relationships and reciprocities among *love, land, and life (vigour)* 

that are constantly reinforced and nourished by Aboriginal languages

un-weaving of nature's patterns (especially via analytic logic and the use of instruments) to cognitively reconstruct them, especially using mathematical language (rigour) and computer models







#4

**BIG QUESTION** 

# What overall goals do we have for our ways of knowing?

learning to see with the strengths of each & together

### **OUR OVERALL KNOWLEDGE OBJECTIVES**

### **BIG UNDERSTANDING ... IN WORDS**

collective, living knowledge to enable nourishment of one's journey within expanding sense of "place, emergence and participation" for tribal consciousness and interconnectiveness

#4

dynamic, testable, published knowledge independent of personal experience that can enable prediction and control (and "progress")

learning to see with the strengths of each & together

### **OUR OVERALL KNOWLEDGE OBJECTIVES**

### **BIG UNDERSTANDING ... IN WORDS**

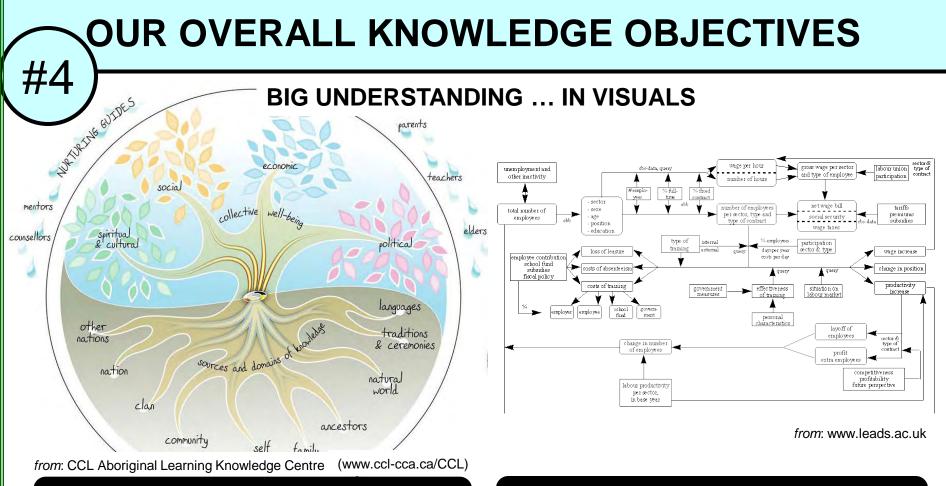
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towards resonance of understanding within environment

towards construction of understanding of environment



towards construction of

understanding of environment

### towards resonance of understanding within environment



